

## EXIN.PDPF.v2018-12-24.q17

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<https://www.freecram.com/torrent/EXIN.PDPF.v2018-12-24.q17.html>

### NEW QUESTION: 1

Which cause is a data breach according to the GDPR?

- A. Personal data is processed by anyone other than the controller, processor or, possibly, subprocessor
- B. Personal data is processed without a binding contract.
- C. illegally obtained corporate data from a human resources management system
- D. The operation of a vulnerable server in the internal network of the processor

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION: 2

A controller is processing personal data based on consent of the data subjects. There are no other legitimate grounds. While processing, the controller discovers that a data subject whose consent for the processing had been received, has died since.

What, according to the GDPR, will be the consequences for the controller with regard to the processing?

- A. The controller can proceed with the processing as intended.
- B. The controller can proceed, but only for the purposes for which consent has been given.
- C. The controller must act as if the data subject has withdrawn consent and erase his/her data.
- D. The controller needs to find the heir in order to require consent for the processing.

**Answer: A**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://spectrum.ieee.org/telecom/internet/your-guide-to-the-gdpr>

### NEW QUESTION: 3

The GDPR states that records of processing activities must be kept by the controller. To whom must the controller make these records available, if requested?

- A. The data processor
- B. The Data Protection Officer
- C. The European Commission

**D.** The supervisory authority

**Answer: D**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://www.whitecase.com/publications/article/chapter-10-obligations-controllers-unlocking-eu-general-data-protection>

**NEW QUESTION: 4**

Which action is considered processing of personal data where the GDPR applies?

- A.** Making a back-up of a register with names, addresses and bank accounts of subscribers to a newspaper.
- B.** Publishing statistics based on anonymous interviews regarding the political views of people visiting a shopping mall.
- C.** Analysis of health data regarding the cause of death of victims of lethal accidents in the previous five years.
- D.** Performing statistical analysis on medical data which has been anonymized so identification of the data subject is impossible.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION: 5**

While paying with a credit card, the card is skimmed (i.e. the data on the magnetic strip is stolen). The magnetic strip contains the account number, expiration date, cardholder's name and address, PIN number and more.

What kind of a data breach is this?

- A.** Material
- B.** Non-material
- C.** Verbal

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION: 6**

According to the GDPR, what is the main reason to consider data protection in the initial design phase?

- A.** It reduces the risk of liability
- B.** It ensures efficiency in project phases
- C.** It ensures privacy by default
- D.** It reduces the risk of fraud

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION: 7**

An architect, leaving a building site, puts his laptop for a moment beside his car on the road, while answering his phone. When driving away he sees in the mirror his laptop being crushed by an enormous lorry driving over it. All his files on the design of the building and

the calculations he worked on are lost. His only consolation is that those were the only files on the device.

In terms of the GDPR, what happened?

- A. a vulnerability
- B. a data breach
- C. a security issue
- D. a security incident

**Answer: D**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 8**

Someone regularly receives offers from a store where he purchased something five years ago. He wants the company to stop sending offers and to wipe his personal data.

Which aspect of the rights of a data subject in the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) requires the company to comply?

- A. The right to erasure
- B. The right to rectification
- C. The right to restriction of processing
- D. The right to withdraw consent

**Answer: D**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://gdpr-info.eu/art-7-gdpr/>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 9**

What is the role of the one assigned the responsibility to govern the purposes and means of processing personal data within an organization, according to the GDPR?

- A. Controller
- B. Data Protection Officer
- C. Data Subject
- D. Processor

**Answer: A**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://www.i-scoop.eu/gdpr/data-controller-data-controller-duties/>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 10**

Which situation is considered a data breach according to the GDPR?

- A. A processor deletes personal data after his contract with the controller expired.
- B. After processing a processor deletes personal data on instruction of the controller.
- C. After a disk crash a processor restores personal data from a recent back-up.
- D. A processor leaves his computer unattended, where colleagues may be able to access it.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION: 11**

How are the terms privacy and data protection related?

- A. Data protection is the right to privacy.
- B. The terms are synonymous.
- C. Privacy includes the right to the protection of personal data.

**Answer: C**

Explanation/Reference:

**NEW QUESTION: 12**

According to the GDPR, what is a mandatory topic in a DPIA report?

- A. The measures envisaged to address the privacy compliance frameworks risks
- B. Systematic description of the fiduciary duties to ensure compliance to all relevant laws and regulations
- C. An assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the processing operations in relation to the purposes
- D. The documentation of the risks to the rights and freedoms of the data protection officer

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION: 13**

"The controller shall implement appropriate technical and organizational measures for ensuring that (...) only personal data which are necessary for each specific purpose of the processing are processed." Which term in the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) is defined?

- A. Compliance
- B. Data protection by default
- C. Data protection by design
- D. Embedded protection

**Answer: B**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.privacy-regulation.eu/en/article-25-data-protection-by-design-and-by-default- GDPR.htm>

**NEW QUESTION: 14**

Important technical requirements set out in the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) are about data quality. One is the obligation to ensure appropriate security, including protection against unauthorized or unlawful processing.

What is another important technical requirement?

- A. To ascertain that personal data collection is adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes

- B.** To control that data collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes is not further processed for other purposes
- C.** To keep personal data accurate and up to date, ensuring that inaccurate data are erased or rectified without delay
- D.** To make sure that personal data is processed lawfully, fairly and in transparent manner in relation to the data subject

**Answer: A**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.privacy-regulation.eu/en/article-5-principles-relating-to-processing-of-personal-data-GDPR.htm>

### **NEW QUESTION: 15**

What does the principle of 'data minimization' mean?

- A.** Personal data shall be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data.
- B.** Personal data shall be processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject.
- C.** Personal data shall be accurate and where necessary kept up to date.
- D.** Personal data shall be adequate and limited to what is necessary for the purposes of the processing.

**Answer: D**

### **NEW QUESTION: 16**

According to art.33 of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) the controller shall without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the personal data breach to the Supervisory Authority.

What is the maximum penalty for non-compliance with this obligation?

- A.** Up to € 500.000 with a minimum of € 120.000
- B.** Up to € 820.000 with a minimum of € 350.000
- C.** € 20.000.000 or 4% of the annual global turnover, whichever is higher
- D.** € 10.000.000 or 2% of the annual global turnover, whichever is higher

**Answer: C**

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**NEW QUESTION: 17**

According to the GDPR, for which situations should a Data Protection impact Assessment (DPIA) be conducted?

- A. For all projects that include technologies or processes that require data protection
- B. For all sets of similar processing operations with comparable risks
- C. For any situation where technologies and processes will be subject to a risk assessment
- D. For technologies and processes that are likely to result in a high risk to the rights of data subjects

**Answer: A**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://eugdprcompliant.com/dpia-guidelines/>

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